



Attorney Docket No. 03806.0517

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re App	olication of:)	
Francis	s BLANCHE et al.)	
Application	on No.: 09/970,663)	Group Art Unit: 1635
Filed: O	ctober 5, 2001)	Examiner: Brian Whiteman
PF IN	OMPOSITION FOR THE RESERVATION OF IFECTIOUS RECOMBINANT DENOVIRUSES)))	
	t Commissioner for Patents ton, DC 20231		
Sir:			

DECLARATION UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.131

- I, Francis Blanche, state that I am one of the named applicants of the above-identified application and that I am a co-inventor of the subject matter described and claimed therein. Prior to November 16, 1998, we, the co-inventors had completed in France the invention as described and claimed in the above-identified application as evidenced by the following:
 - 1. Exhibit A: Laboratory Notebook Pages 51-55 and 176 (A1-A6) of Francis Blanche, showing, a composition comprising adenoviral particles and a glycerol buffer solution at pH 8.4, wherein the buffer solution does not contain added divalent metal cations or alkali metal cations. See pages 52-53 (A2-A3), formulation #2, for example, comprises Tris/HCl and 10% glycerol at pH 8.4 (hereinafter referred to as "formulation #2".) The addition of adjuvants, such as sucrose or Tween20 is shown, for example, at page 176, formulations C and D. Formulation #2 is shown to be

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useful for preserving adenoviruses. See page 55 (A5), stable viral titer after 15 days of storage in formulation #2. Some compositions were tested for stability after –20°C or 4°C storage, indicating that the –20°C frozen viral compositions were thawed to test viability. See page 176 (A6), last three lines from the bottom.

- 2. The present specification at page 17, first formulation in the Table, shows a formulation identical to formulation #2 of Exhibit A;
- 3. Example 3 of the present specification, at pages 18-19, shows that a formulation identical to formulation #2 of Exhibit A has a stable viral titer after 15 days of storage, similar to the 15-day storage stability of formulation #2 shown on page 55 (A5) of Exhibit A.

While the dates have been redacted, the undersigned testifies that all experiments described herein were conducted before November 16, 1998.

I declare further that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further, that the statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patents issuing thereon.

Dated: March <u>28</u>, 2003

Francis Blanche

08588.0517

EXHIBIT A (6 pages) ATTORNEY DOCUMENT 08888.0517

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ESSAI Nº ...

EEL 02051

ESSAIS FORMULATIONS STABILITE

BUT: Observer la stabilité ou la précipitation éventuelle du virus Y28 dans différentes formulations.

MATERIEL VIRAL ETUDIE;

Solution virale Y28 produite en Cell Cube à l'échelle 8 Mer par l'équipe JF Chaubard et purifiée par chromatographie échangeuse d'anions, conserver dans le Tris 20mM pH8, MgCl₂ 1mM. NaCl 500mM et glycerol 10%. Le virus purifié titre 3,94.1011 pv/ml.

PREPARATION DES DIFFERENTS JAMPONS ETUDIES:

1. Solutions mères :

		PREPARATIONS:
	SOLUTIONS MERES:	
		10,07g Tris base + 6,60g Tris/Hel dans 250ml cau PPI
	Tris / HCl pH 8,4 & 500mM	(Tris base ref: T8524 et Tris HCL ref:T7149)
		250g de sucrose dans 500ml d'eau PPI
	Sucrose à 50g/100ml	250g de sucrose dans 300m d'entre
	3001000	13.50 mg \$150
	NaC1 5M	Sigma - Aldrich rcf, \$150
		Signa - Aldrich ref.M1028
	MgCl ₂ 1M	Signa - Aldrich to.
		Sigma - Aldrich ref. G5516
	Glycerol	Signa - 7 de te
		Sigma - Aldrich rd.M9647
	D-Mannitol	
		Sigma - Aldrich ref.P8074
3	Tween 20	
		Acide borique 100mM + NaOH 0,1N
H	Tampon borate pH 7.4 100mM	
		Can be a subject of the subject of t
	Tampon phosphate pH 7.4 10r	MM Tipout savi &



052	ESSAI N°		4.00
BI	-	-	
. 🗄	2. Formulations:		::
	SOLUTIONS MERES:	Eau PPI	1
	A' B C D E F G H 1		<u> </u>
	ESSAIS:	qsp 500ml	1
H .	1 20ml		1
l H	2 20ml + 50ml	qsp 500ml	1
		t:5p 500ml -	-]
	3 20111 5455	csp 500ml	4
	4 20ml 50ml	csp 500ml	1
	5 20ml S0ml 0.5ml 25g	(sp 500ml	7
	6 20ml 50ml 15ml , 0,5ml 25g		
, 🖯	/ · 0,5ml	Sp 500ml	7
i 🖯	0.5ml	isp 500ml	-
	A ZVan Somi	15p 500ml	コ
	9 50ml 0,5ml		4
	+ 30mi	<u></u>	_
	Solutionvirule observe an 22me ringage for de la diablitation finale. Titre = 2.88.10 ¹¹ pv/ml dans DPBS/ NaCl 150mM /glycerol 10%		4
11	Titre = 2.88.10 ¹¹ py/ml dans DPBS Naci 130aaw 15.		ゴ
		· ·	4
1 H			
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	3 Résumé des formulations étudiées :	A	<u>\$</u>
	Voir tableau ci-après.	ويندح	-
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CCCA! NO	053
ESSAI N°	-
ESSAIS	
Trd. 20mM pH 8d + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	. 1
Tch 20mM NaC 150mM pH 8d	_
NaClisomm Machinal Andrew Market Marchina Andrew Market March 1994 Andrew March	
	YZS CE
Treenza A	Y 28 CELL CUBE BMEK ESSAIS DE FORMULATIONS
0.1% Manniol 5%	BMEK LATIONS
Glyceral 10% + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	
0% DPBS	
Тапрод 10mM borне p.117.4	
Tanpoa Plant pHTA phosphate	- -
	-

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PAGE 3 of 6

SAI N° 054 MATERIELS UTILISES: →10 PD 10 pour la-distiluration équilibrées avec 5 × 5ml de tampon étudié. →Ultrafree 15 ml avec membrane Biomax 100 Kd (Millipore) (2x pour chaque essai). →Centrifugeuse règlée à 1500 tr/mn. MISE EN OEUVRE : POUR CHAQUE ESSAU: OPERATIONS: 10 PD10 x 2,5ml de solution virale Y28 à 3,94,10¹¹ Elution par 10PD10 x 3,5ml du tampon étudié. pv/ml. DIAFILTRATION: 2 Ultrafree 15ml 100Kd remplie à 15ml puis recharges avec 2,5ml de solution virale diafilute. avec 2,3 mm or sometimes visus commerce.

Soit 17,5 ml concentres à 500 µl (x2).

(soit une concentration à ≈ 1.10¹³ py/ml.) CONCENTRATION: Récuperation et pool des 2 Ultrafrée pour chaque essai. RECUPERATION ET FILTRATION 0,2 mm; Stockage dans tubes on verre steriles. → 100µl dans tube Ependorff congrit à -26°C par essai. → 20µl + 980µl tampon cihp anal, pour dosage. -> em, 900 pl conserves il +4°C pour érode de subilité. Serv. 100 pl de la folucion virale Y28 sortie chromato ALIQUOTAGE: (=0) initiale est congelé à .26°C. directement concentré à 1,1013 pv/ml, récupéré et aliquoté comme les aures essais. TEMOINS PBS/glycerol 10%; double and double first to a few wife.

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055

ESSAI Nº ____

note: pour le pis eddae étalen -sabre plateaux: 32000 saymétries: 1,1 et 1,16 (*) cultul des titres avec le nouvel étalen; 41 Essais Tp2 et Tp4 restirés à 1-22 pour test bioactivité par M. fantost	DPBS+NaCl+plychol	Tampen 12 Phospimic + glycfrol	Femous 2 Borne-talyCl7t sucrose	Tampon 8 Tris+MyClat-sucrose+tween	Tampon 7 Tris+sucroset1ween	Tampet 6 Tris+NaCl+MgCl ₁ -rucrose+marmint	Jampon 2 Tris+NgCl ₄ rsucrose+manuled		Tampuns 4	Tampon 3 Tris+MyCl _T +swave	Tamoga 2 Taist glychol	Timpen1 Tris 20mM	SNOAWVLSIVSSA	POSAGES CLHP ANALYTIQUE:
phiteaux: 32000 /asymétr aloù.141 ur test bioscúrité par M.J	.5,37. 1011	7,20. 10 ¹¹	non délecté	7,17, 1011	6,22. 1015	6,48. 1017	5,84. 10 ¹²		6,31. 10 ¹¹	6,29. 10 th	7,71. 10**	4,97.10 ¹³	TITES o Y/ml 1-0	
ies: 1,1 et 1,16 nnicod	précipilé à 1<1 jour	opacitication d j=2 précipité le tendemain	virus retenu sur te filtre solution tranble des le changement de lempon	opocification à j=7 précipité le tendemain	normale à j=t5	précipité à j=7	nomble à j=15	·.	nomonte à j≈15	opacification a j=12, mais non procipite a j=15	Parameter .	normale à j=15	APPARENCE DE L'ECHANTILLON	
	ຄຸດຄຸ libré : ກວນ dose islué ຍ,2 μm:	filtre 0,2 jun:	filtre 0,2µm:	non filte : non dosé filtre 0,2 pm	non filus : 9,53.10 ¹¹ filus 0,2 par: 9,31.10 ¹¹	filtre 0,2 μm:	illure 0.2 µm: 1,47.10 ¹⁴		non filme: 5,83.10°. filme 0,2μm: 5,7.10°	Mitte 0,2 jun: 2,09.1011	Gire 0,2 µm; 7,96,10 lt	non like: 1,4.10" filte 0,2jm: 9,1.10" non filte: 3,12.10"		Trues avint 1=15
			1	1	sommet du pic arranda subre plateaux:9000 asymétries 0,95 et 0,83		nbre plateaux:17009 aymetries:1,08 et 1,12		bic symptomers	433106trique 124 tritte plateatox:32000 439016trics:0.93 et 0.86	pontée du pic	aymétrien: 1,25 et 1,5 pic symétrique	CLIP du dusage 1=15	OBSERVATIONS
6 9 3 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6					paramate		nomake	non dosé	nhre plateaux: 14000 asymetries: 1,28 et 1,42	trouble mais tran +	normale	nomale	Apparence échantillon non dusé	TITEL 47/01 4-20(1)
τ,		1	1				1		abre plutehux 4000 asparatives: 0,87 et 0,68	ການ ເປັນ : ເມັນ	uormale .	mun filtre : 9,27,10 ¹¹	Apparcuse echantillan	TITRE DV/ml 1-22 (*)

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5	SSAI N°	': S1
T:_	ADONOVIRUS	;
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	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Γ
•	-	
	MISE EN PLACE DES ESSAIS DE STABILITE ADENOVIRUS DANS DUTERENTES FORMULATIONS	.: T
	DESCRISE DE STABILITE ADENOVIRUS DANS DUTTERENTES FORMES	`. F
	MISE EN PLACE DES ESSOS DE COM	1 -
	Echaptillon de départ: 400ml fraction F3 (+10% glycérol) du DEMOBATCH 3 (CC16M-Ad5/CMV/P53/293), dosée	- ; ⊢
	at disma: 400ml fraction F3 (+10% glycérol) du DEMOBATCH 3 (CC100), August 1	Lines water seem
	Echaptillon de depart. 400ml Institution 3,6.10 ¹¹ pv/ml soit 1,44.10 ¹⁴ pv pour 400ml.	ું ક
		£
	Tampons trudits (filtres 0.22 um):	
	-Tampon A. Tris 20mM-pH8,4+10% glycerol	: l
	Tampon B :Tris 20mm-prise - 3 % Sucruse	
	Tampon C: Tris 20010v-1-110-4 Sucross	
	Tampon D (Tris 20mm)-prio, 1-10 By	· •
	-Tampon E :Tris 20mM-pH8,4+10% glyctrol+1mM MgCl; -Tampon F :Tris 20mM-pH8,4+10% glyctrol+150mM NaCl+1mM MgCl; -Tampon F :Tris 20mM-pH8,4+10% glyctrol+150mM NaCl+1mM MgCl;	,
		;
	-Tampon H: Tris 20mM-pH8,4+10% sucrust	
	- Jampon A	•
	-Tampon I :Accinte d'ammonium 20mM-pH8+10% glycérol	
	-Tampon I : Actinte d'ammonium 20mM-pH8+5% sucrose -Tampon J : Actinte d'ammonium 20mM-pH8+5% sucrose	
	Label 13 de mohermhes/Ri Mondo	
	Misc en place des essais :dans labo L3 de recherches/B1 Monod	
		•
		:
	(i) faut environ 30mm pour le passage de 5 ml) (i) faut environ 30mm pour le passage de 5 ml) (i) faut environ 30mm pour le passage de 5 ml)	٩
	The same derividing told the Ultrillet avec 1011 for 1011	•
	on rectarge interested final 1 105ml.	:
		.1
	on traine 1.21.10 py/mi soit 1.27.10 py pour 1.55.22.	:
	-2*** étapt : changement de tampon sur PD10 Pharmacia (4 PD10 par tampon, soit 4 fois 2,5ml du concentrat ou	1
	1,21.10 ¹³ pv/iampon), on recupère 14ml.	٠ :
	1,21.10 pyrampen, so the property of the property is	•
	3400 étape : on concentre les élusis PD10 sur un Ultrafree 15ml/30Kd (même réf. que étape 1) ,on amène le	į
	volume à <1 ml.	;
	and all the concentral of on volume a lim aver is them.	j
	eupe : on fait subir à chaque échantillon une filtration siérilisante sur an filtre Millipore (Surile Millex-GV	•
	4 the curve : on fait subir à chaque échantillon une hitration sternies de la service	:
	-4 ^{sto} cuspe : on fait subir a chaque extration and vision dans un tube sterile. γ 0.22 μm) membrane PVDF recupération dans un tube sterile.	
	-5em étape : sur chaque échantillon de 1 ml après filtration -dosage HPLC (d1/50)	
	-5 ^{con} étape : sur chaque échantillon de 1ml après nivationtrasset 1 to 1 dons tubes stériles, pour les échantillons TpA à E, aliquoter 14 tubes de 50µl dons tubes stériles,	
	pour les échantillons IPA à E, ainquotes de 50µl. pour les échantillons IPA à J, il y a 15 aliquotes de 50µl. pour les échantillons IPA à J, il y a 15 aliquotes de 50µl.	:
	pour les échantillons TpF à J,il y a 15 auquous de 30µ. les titres se titrent entre 9,8.10 ¹² et 1,08.10 ¹³ pv/ml (voir eahier DOS-01 page 42)	• ;
		• :
	-6" cuape : les aliquotes de 50µl sont mis ce jour en stabilité à •20°C.	-
	les reliquets soit -250 à 300 µl sont conservés à 4°C.	- ,
	-	-
	-	
	li est prévu un dosage pfu (labo D.Faucher) de chaque échantillon →1 tube de 50µl à -20°C	-
	li esi préva un dosage phi (1000 D.Fauener) de Camique Grandelle	- '
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	. The second of the second of $1 + 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 4 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 4 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4$	
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U.S. Application No. 09/970,663 Attorney Docket No. 08888.0517

ENGLISH-LANGUAGE TRANSLATION OF EXHIBIT "A" (6 pages)

TRIAL	NO.	

CEL 02051

FORMULATION TRIALS:	
STABILITY.	

OBJECTIVE: Observe the stability, or possible precipitation, of the Y28 virus in different formulations.

VIRAL MATERIAL STUDIED:

Y28 solution produced in a cell cube on an 8 mer scale by the J.F. Chaubard team, purified by ion exchange chromatography, and preserved in 20mM pH8 TRIS, 1mM MgCl₂, 500mM NaCl, and 10% glycerol. The purified virus titrates 3.94.10¹¹ pv/ml.

PREPARATION OF THE DIFFERENT BUFFER SOLUTIONS USED:

1. Stock solutions:

	STOCK SOLUTIONS:	PREPARATIONS:
120.		
Α	Tris / HCl pH 8.4 at 500mM	10.07g Tris base + 6.60g Tris/Hcl in 250ml water for injection (Tris base ref: T8524 and Tris HCL ref:T7149)
В	Sucrose at 50g/100ml	250g sucrose in 500ml of water for injection.
С	NaCl 5M	Sigma - Aldrich ref. S150
D	MgCl ₂ 1M	Sigma - Aldrich ref. M1028
E	Glycerol	Sigma - Aldrich ref. G5516
F	D-Mannitol	Sigma - Aldrich ref. M9647
G	Tween 20	Sigma - Aldrich ref. P8074
Н	100mM borate buffer solution pH 7.4	100mM boric acid + NaOH 0 ₂ 1N
I	10mM phosphate buffer solution pH 7.4	130mg KH₂PO₄ + 705mg K₂HPO₄ in 500ml water for injection.

TRI	ΑL	NO.	
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2. Formulations:

STOCK SOLUTIONS:										
	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	Water for injection
TRIAL:										•
1	20ml						<u> </u>			QS 500ml
2	20ml				+ 50ml					QS 500ml
3	20ml	50ml		0,5ml						QS 500ml
4	20ml	50ml								QS 500ml
5	20ml	50ml		0.5ml		25g				QS 500ml
6	20ml	50ml	15ml	0.5ml		25g				QS 500ml
7	20ml	50ml					0.5ml			QS 500ml
8	20ml	50ml		0.5ml			0.5ml			QS 500ml
9		50ml		0.5ml				50ml		QS 500ml
10					+ 50ml				500ml	
11	Viral solution obtained in the second rinsing during the final diafiltration. Titer = 2.8810 ¹¹ pv/ml in DPBS/1500mM NaCl/glycerol 10%.									

3. Summary of the formulations studied:

See the following tables.

U.S. Application No. 09/970,663

TRIAL NO.

Y28 CELL CUBE 8MER

FORMULATION TRIALS

						,	,				
10mM pH7.4 phosphate buffer solution										+	
10 mM borate pH7.4 buffer solution									+		
DPBS											+
Glycerol 10%		+								+	+
Mannitol 5%					+	+					
Tween20 0.1%							+	+			
Sucrose 5%			+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
MgCl ₂			+		+	+		+	+		
NaCl 150mM						+					+
Tris 20mM pH 8(?)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
TRIAL	-	2	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	-

Τ	RI	Α	LI	N	0	

MATERIALS USED:

- \rightarrow 10 PD 10 for diafiltration balanced with 5 x 5ml of the buffer solution studied.
- \rightarrow 15ml Ultrafree with 100 Kd Biomax (Millipore) membrane (2x for each trial).
- \rightarrow Centrifuge set at 1500 rev/min.

IMPLEMENTATION:

OPERATIONS:	FOR EACH TRIAL:					
DIAFILTRATION:	10 PD10 x 2.5ml of Y28 viral solution at 3.94.10 ¹¹ pv/ml.					
CONCENTRATION	Elution by 10PD10 x 3.5ml of the buffer solution studied.					
CONCENTRATION:	15ml 100Kd 2 Ultrafree filled to 15ml and then refilled with 2.5 diafiltrated viral solution.					
	17.5ml concentrated at $500\mu l$ (x2). (or a concentration at $\approx 1.10^{13}$ pv/ml.)					
	(or a concentration at ≈ 1.10 pv/mi.)					
RECOVERY AND FILTRATION 0.2μm:	Recovery and pooling of the 2 Ultrafree for each trial. Filtration using unsterilized 0.2μ Millex filters. Storage in sterilized glass tubes.					
ALIQUOTING: (t=0)	→ 100μl in Ependorff tube frozen at -26°C. → * → 20μl + 980μl anal. HPCL buffer solution for dosing. → About 900μl stored at +4°C to study stability. → About 100μl of the initial chromate emerging Y28 viral is frozen at -26°C.					
10% glycerol/PBS Samples:	Frozen directly at 1.10 ¹³ pv/ml, recovered and aliquoted in the same way as the other trials.					

TRIAL NO.

ANALYTICAL HPLC MEASUREMENTS:

TITER pV/ml day=22(*) HPLC Observations Sample appears	I	unfiltered: 9.27.10 ¹² normal symmetrical peak	l	unfiltered: 1.09.10 ¹² plate number: 4,000 asymmetries: 0.87 and 0.68 (normal)	1	1		1	-	1	1
TITER pV/ml dav=20(*) HPLC Observations Sample appears	undosed normal	unfiltered: 7.88.10 ¹³ normal symmetrical peak	undosed clouding but not i	unfiltered: 1.87.10 ¹² plate number: 14,000 asymmetries: 1.28 and 1.42 (normal)	undosed normal	1	undosed normal	_		-	_
OBSERVATIONS HPLC of the dosage, day=15	The adeno return peak trails plate number: 12,000 asymmetries: 1.25 and 1.50	symmetrical peak	asymmetrical rise of the peak plate number: 32,000 asymmetries: 0.93 at 0.86	symmetrical peak	The adeno return peak trails plate number: 17,000 asymmetries: 1.08 and 1.12	l	rounded peak top plate number: 9,000 asymmetries: 0.95 and 0.83	1	l	-	***
TITER pV/mi day=15	unfiltered: 1.0.10 ¹² filtered 0.2µm: 9.1.10 ¹¹	unfiltered: 8.12.10 ¹² filtered 0.2µm: 7.96.10 ¹²	unfiltered: 2.33.10 ¹¹ filtered 0.2µm: 2.09.10 ¹¹	unfiltered: 5.83.10 ¹² filtered 0.2µm: 5.7.10 ¹²	unfiltered: 1.85.10 ¹² filtered 0.2µm: 1.47.10 ¹²	unfiltered: undosed filtered 0.2µm:	unfiltered: 9.53.10 ¹¹ filtered 0.2µm: 9.31.10 ¹¹	unfiltered: undosed filtered 0.2µm:	unfiltered: undosed filtered 0.2µm:	unfiltered: undosed filtered 0.2µm:	unfiltered: undosed filtered 0.2µm:
SAMPLE APPEARS	normal at day=15	normal at day=15	opaoification at day=12³ but not precipitated at day=15	normal at day=15	normal at day=15	precipitated at day=7	normal at day=15	opacification at day=7 precipitated the next day.	virus held on the filter solution clouds once the buffer solution is changed.	opacification at day=2 precipitated the next day	precipitated at < 1 day
TITER pV/ml J=0	4.97.10 ¹²	7.71. 10 ¹²	6.29. 10 ¹²	6.31. 10 ¹²	5.84. 10 ¹²	6.48. 10 ¹²	6.22. 10 ¹²	7.17.10 ¹²			5.37. 10 ¹²
TRIAL S/BUFFERS	Buffer 1 Tris 20mM	Buffer 2 Tris*glycerol	<u>Buffer 3</u> Tris+MgCl₃+ sucrose	Buffer 4 Tris+sucrose	Buffer 5 Tris+MgCl ₂ +sucrose+mannitol	Buffer 6 Tris+NaCl+MgCl ₂ +sucrose+ mannitol	Buffer 7 Tris+sucrose+Tween	B <u>uffer 8</u> Tris+MgCl ₂ +sucrose+Tween	<u>B</u> uffer 9 Borate+MgCl₂+sucrose	<u>Buffer 10</u> Phosphate + glycerol	Buffer 11 DPBS+NaCl+glycerol

Note: for the adeno return peak measurement standard → plate number 32,000/asymmetries: 1.1 and 1.16. (*) computation of titers with the new measurement standard: 141

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TRIAL NO	_
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SUBJECT: ADENOVIRUS

CONDUCTING ADENOVIRUS STABILITY TRIALS IN DIFFERENT FORMULATIONS

<u>Starting sample</u>: 400ml fraction F3 (+10% glycerol) of DEMOBATCH 3 (CC16M-Ad5/CMV/P53/293) dosed at 3.6.10¹¹ pv/ml or 1.44.10¹⁴pv per 400ml.

Buffer solutions studied (0.22µm filtered):

- -Buffer solution A: Tris 20mM-pH8.4+10% glycerol
- -Buffer solution B: Tris 20mM-pH8 4+5% sucrose
- -Buffer solution C: Tris 20mM-pH8.4+10% glycerol+5% sucrose
- -Buffer solution D: Tris 20mM-pH8.4+5% glycerol+10% sucrose
- -Buffer solution E: Tris 20mM-pH8.4+10% glycerol+1mM MgCl₂
- -Buffer solution F: Tris 20mM-pH8.4+10% glycerol+150mM NaCl+1mM MgCl₂
- -Buffer solution G: Tris 20mM-pH8.4+5% glycerol
- -Buffer solution H: Tris 20mM-pH8.4+10% sucrose
- -Buffer solution 1: ammonium acetate 20mM-pH8+10% glycerol
- -Buffer solution 1: ammonium acetate 20mM-pH8+5% sucrose

Carrying Out the Trials: At Research Lab L3/Bt Monod

- 1st Step: Concentrating the sample by using 15ml/30Kd 16 Ultrafee biomax membrane (UFV2BTK40 Millipore), centrifuged at 1500rev/min. First run, volume brought to 5ml (5ml run requires @30 mins).The Ultrafree is filled a second time with 10ml (turning occurs at 1760 rv/min.-500G). The final total volume is brought to 105ml. 5ml is stored for 2D electrophoresis and HPLC (dl/10) measurement occurs. One then finds 1.21.10¹²pv/ml, or 1.27.10¹⁴ pv per 105ml.
- 2nd Step: Changing over the sample to PD10 Pharmacia (4 PD10 by buffer solution, i.e., 4 x 2.5ml of the concentrate or 1.21.10₁₃pv/buffer solution), 14ml are recovered.
- 3rd Step: The PD10 eluates are concentrated on a 15ml/30Kd Ultrafree (same ref. as Step 1) and the volume is brought to <1ml. The concentrate is recovered and the volume is increased to 1ml with filtrate.
- 4th Step: Each sample undergoes a sterilizing filtration on a Millipore film (Sterile Millex-GV 0.22µm) membrane (PVDF). Collected in a sterile tube.
- 5^{th} Step: On each 1ml sample after filtration \rightarrow HPLC (d1/50). For samples TpA to E, aliquot 14 tubes of 50µl in sterile tubes. For samples TpF to J, there are 15 aliquots of 50µl. The titers are located between $9.8.10^{12}$ and $1.08.10^{13}$ pv/ml (see Manual DOS-01 page 42).
- 6th Step: The 50µm aliquots are used while stable at -20°C. The carry-over, i.e., 250 to 300µl, is stored at 4°C.
 - A PFU (D. Faucher Lab) measurement of each sample is provided \rightarrow 1 tube of 50 μ l at -20°C.